An Overview for Indiana Landmarks
Affiliate Organizations



Brian Blackford, MPA
Indiana Communities Institute



## WELCOME + INTRODUCTIONS

#### **Brian Blackford**

Director of Program Development and Training

Indiana Communities Institute

Ball State University



## WELCOME + INTRODUCTIONS



Encourages comprehensive, talent-centric community economic development



Connects Communities to BSU expertise and resources



Works to build vibrant, resilient communities



Conducts statewide outreach and engagement



## WELCOME + INTRODUCTIONS

<u>ICI's approach</u>: Revolved around Community (People and Place), Grounded in Research, Engaged in Practice, and Focused on Policy.





## TODAY'S PRESENTATION



Photo: Ripley County Community Foundation

- Review the Comprehensive Rural Wealth Framework
- Introduce the Comprehensive Community Wealth Approach
- Consider how CCWA can be used in your community
- Field questions





Comprehensive Community Wealth Approach

### Think about your favorite community ...

Somewhere you live now



Photos: Chris Flook, BSU Libraries; The Atlantic

Somewhere you've visited



Somewhere you used to live





### Why did you think of this community ...



Or did social offerings, aesthetics, cultural opportunities?



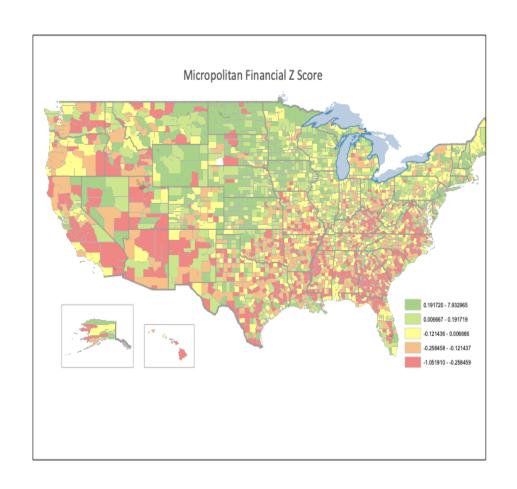
See Knight Foundation "Soul of the Community"; place attachment



And yet, we often measure what makes a community successful in economic or financial terms ...







## U.S. counties based on typical financial factors such as wages per capita and average home value:

- Green is good (related to these factors)!
- ➤ Why, then, aren't people flocking to the Upper Midwest and fleeing the South?
- ➤ Community vitality is about more than good financial indicators ...





Comprehensive Community Wealth Approach

## **E**CC

### COMPREHENSIVE RURAL WEALTH FRAMEWORK

### The Comprehensive Rural Wealth Framework:



Image: RUPRI

- Developed by Rural Policy Research Institute (RUPRI)
- Represents and accounts for the all wealth found in a community, not just financial wealth
- Builds off of the Community Capitals Framework (CCF) first established by Cornelia Flora and Jan Flora
- ➤ Identifies assets, but also attempts, at least in theory, to better understand how they interact



#### **Financial Capital**



- Money
- Other Liquid Assets that can be Easily Converted into Money
  - ✓ Stocks
  - ✓ Bonds
  - ✓ Credit



## **E**CC

### **COMPREHENSIVE RURAL WEALTH FRAMEWORK**

#### **Intellectual Capital**



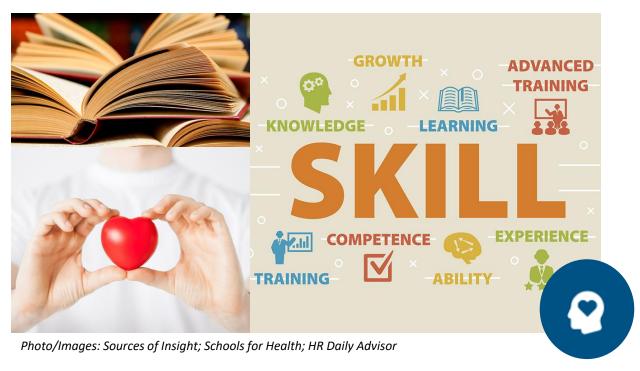
- Human Knowledge, Innovation, and Ideas Embedded throughout a Society
  - ✓ Intellectual Property (e.g. patents and copyrights)
  - ✓ Common Knowledge



## **Q**CC

### COMPREHENSIVE RURAL WEALTH FRAMEWORK

#### **Human Capital**



- Productive Capabilities of the Individuals in a Population
- Embodied in People's:
  - Education
  - > Skills
  - Talents
  - Health Status



## **E**CC

### COMPREHENSIVE RURAL WEALTH FRAMEWORK

#### **Social Capital**



- Trust, Relationships, and Networks found in Civil Society
- Held by Individuals, Groups, and/or Organizations



## **€**CO

### **COMPREHENSIVE RURAL WEALTH FRAMEWORK**

#### **Cultural Capital**



Photos: jlbphotography

- Practices, Values, Sense of Identity Embedded in a Society
- Held by Individuals and Groups
- Tangible: Works of Art, Architecture, Monuments, Places of Significance
- ➤ Intangible: Beliefs, Traditions, Practices that Distinguish Groups of People, Their Values, and Identity



## **E**CC

### COMPREHENSIVE RURAL WEALTH FRAMEWORK

#### **Political Capital**



- > Influence, Power, and/or Goodwill
- Held by Individuals, Groups, and/or Organizations
- Can be Held, Spent, and/or Shared to Achieve Specific Goals



#### **Physical Capital**



- **Built assets** 
  - Equipment
  - **Buildings**
  - Roads
  - Bridges
  - Telecommunications networks
  - Physical infrastructure



#### **Natural Capital**



- Resources provided by nature
  - ✓ Clean air
  - ✓ Clean water
  - ✓ Climate
  - ✓ Land
  - ✓ Flora (forests and vegetation)
  - ✓ Fauna (wildlife)



**Thought Exercise:** Consider your community or, more specifically, the downtown or a core historic district or neighborhood within your community. Write down assets related to each capital that are present there. When prompted, type one or two examples into chat box (if you want).

	Capital	Brief Description
	Financial	Money, Other Liquid Assets
	Intellectual	Human Knowledge, Innovation, Ideas
	Human	Productive Capabilities of a Population
	Social	Trust, Relationships, Networks
	Cultural	Practices, Values, and Identities Based in Society (art, beliefs)
	Political	Influence, Power, and Goodwill that is Held, Spent, or Shared
	Physical	Built Environment, Infrastructure
Photo: Chris Flook, PSULLibraries	Natural	Resources Provided by Nature

Photo: Chris Flook, BSU Libraries



## **€**C

### COMPREHENSIVE RURAL WEALTH FRAMEWORK

#### **Building**

Physical: Built

Cultural: Architecture

Political: Who owns it? Are they local? Are they

maintaining it or neglecting it?

#### Community Capitals used within the CRWF ...

- > Are a useful asset mapping tool
- > Can be subjective
- Are not mutually exclusive and are interconnected
- > Can change over time
- Are both specific and general

#### Overall

Citizens help keep downtown beautiful using their skills (Human) to help rehab buildings and create a gathering space (Social)

#### **Railroad**

Financial + Physical + ...

If deserted and turned into a rail trail does it become a Social asset?





Comprehensive Community Wealth Approach

## **€**CO

### **COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY WEALTH APPROACH**

#### From a Framework ...

#### ... to an Approach



A structure to consider your community and its assets

A practical strategy for pursuing community economic development



#### The Comprehensive Community Wealth Approach (CCWA):

- Established by ICI and Center for Local and State Policy at Ball State and adapted from the Comprehensive Rural Wealth Framework
- ➤ Shifts from traditional economic development (focused almost entirely on incentivizing business/job attraction)
- Focuses more on *community* economic development (based on the premise that investing more holistically in quality of place/life leads to greater economic success)
- Uses Community Wealths (capitals) for asset mapping, but also decision making and resource allocation

#### **CCWA Foundations:**

- Quality of life/place ARE economic development
- 2. Developing for your CURRENT community is a priority
- 3. Community Wealths (capitals) are interconnected
- 4. Decisions have short- and long-term impacts that can be positive and negative



## **E**CC

### COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY WEALTH APPROACH

### 1. Quality of life/place ARE economic development

- People no longer follow jobs, rather they look for high-quality communities near job opportunities
- They prioritize good schools, amenities, sense of place, openness, social offerings, etc.
- I'm preaching to the choir, but it's good to note that research backs this up ...



Photo: jlbphotography



#### Study:

- ➤ Dr. Emily Wornell and colleagues studied several micropolitan communities across the country
- ➤ They categorized communities into two groups based on several variables:
  - Those with a high quality of life
  - Those with a high quality of business environment
- ➤ Measured population growth and job growth in each community and charted results based on which category they were assigned to (high quality of life or high quality business environment)



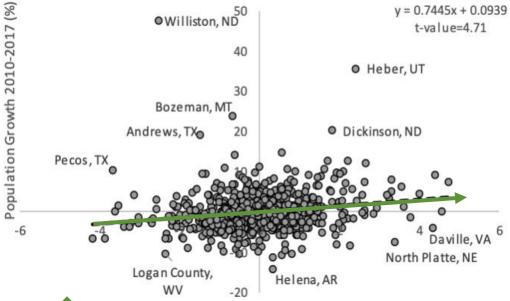
When looking at population growth and job growth, how do communities with a high quality of life fare compared to communities with a high quality business environment?



## **C**

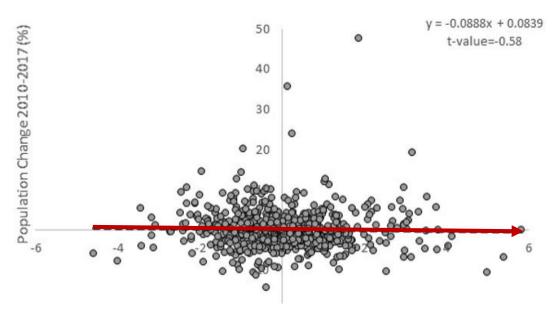
### COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY WEALTH APPROACH

### <u>Population change</u> and quality of life in sampled micropolitan communities



Population growth is occurring in communities with higher quality of life indicators

### Population change and quality of business environment in sampled micropolitan communities





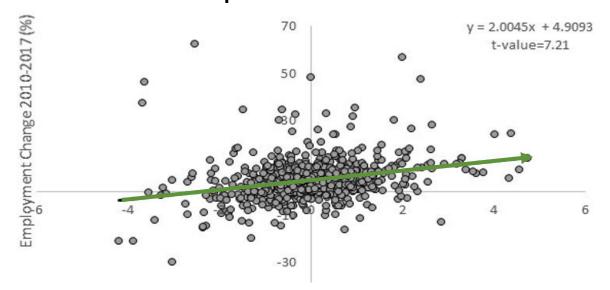
Population growth is flat in communities with higher quality of business environment indicators



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### **COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY WEALTH APPROACH**

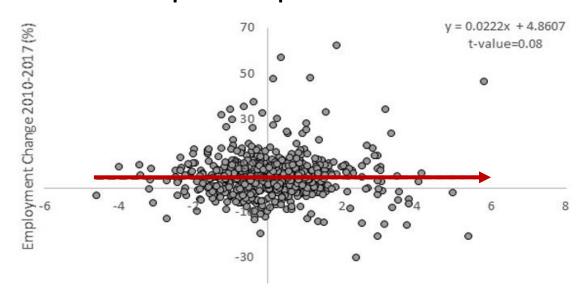
### Job growth and quality of life in sampled micropolitan communities





Job growth is stronger in communities with higher quality of life indicators

### Job growth and quality of business environment in sampled micropolitan communities



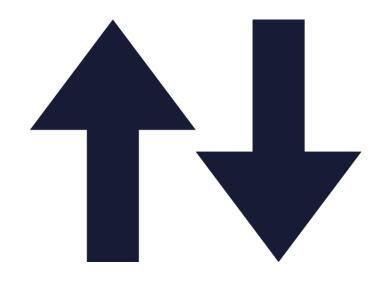


Job growth is flat in communities with higher quality of business environment indicators



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### COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY WEALTH APPROACH



#### Per the research:

- Quality of life/place factors are the basis for economic development
- Having a community where people want to live not only attracts more people, but also attracts jobs
- Pursuing/prioritizing traditional economic development strategies and having a "business friendly" community does neither



### 2. Developing for your CURRENT community is a priority

- Quality of life/place means different things to different people
- > Development efforts should prioritize the people who currently live in a community
  - > Developing for the current community will likely attract other people too
  - > Even if it doesn't, making the community better is a good thing
- ➤ To develop for the current community requires constant, comprehensive, and creative engagement not just the "SOS" (same ole' six)



### 3. Community Wealths (capitals) are interconnected

- Consider an example: Oregon
- Oregon has lots of Natural capital (mountains, forests, sand dunes, oceans, rivers, etc.)
- ➤ Natural assets, like forests, connect with and relate to other capitals including:
  - ☐ Financial
  - □ Human
  - Political
  - ☐ Social
  - ☐ Etc.



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Not only are wealths interconnected, but so are the policy decisions related to those capitals ... Policies pursued to manage forests impact more than Natural capital:



Overlogging can have devastating impacts on Financial, Political, Human, and Cultural capitals

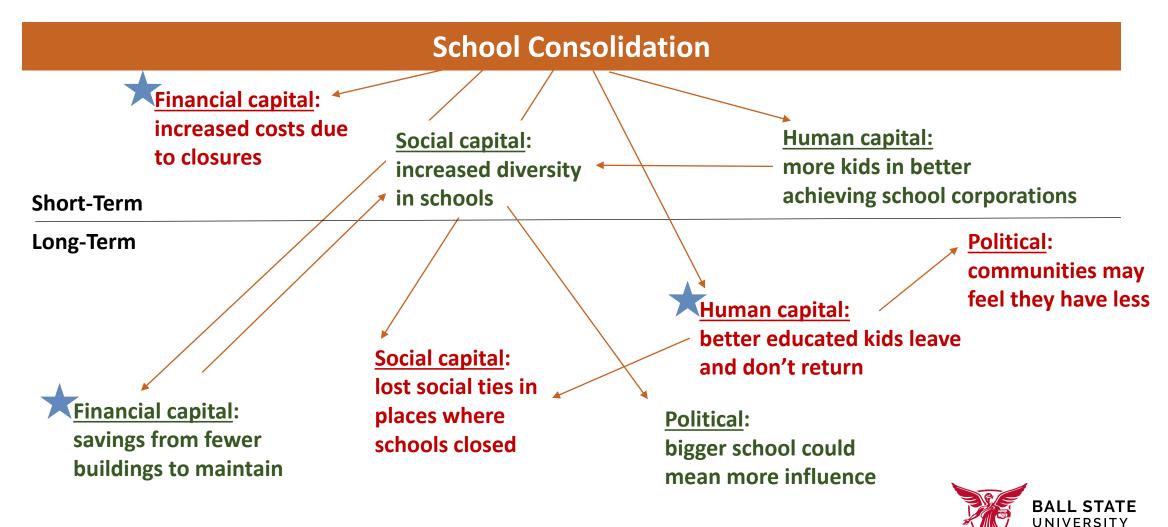
- Stopping logging, however, can also impact these capitals, and more
- ➤ Research shows that in some former logging towns poverty rates skyrocketed and educational attainment decreased
- Mismanagement caused forest fires



### 4. Decisions have short- and long-term impacts that can be positive and negative

- ➤ Back to the logging example: If citizens and policy makers consider how decisions about logging impact more than natural capital, they might adjust priorities or be ready for the consequences
- Using the Comprehensive Community Wealth Approach to help consider both short- and long-term impacts, but also positive and negative impacts can help:
  - Prioritize options
  - Plan for consequences
  - Mitigate bad outcomes
  - Maximize good outcomes
- ➤ Let's look at an example—school consolidation





## **C**C

### **COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY WEALTH APPROACH**



Photo: jlbphotography

### Now, consider CCWA and policy decisions related to your work:

- Pick a project-based opportunity or decision (present, past, make one up)
- Consider short- and long-term; positive and negative

Capital	Brief Description
Financial	Money, Other Liquid Assets
Intellectual	Human Knowledge, Innovation, Ideas
Human	Productive Capabilities of a Population
Social	Trust, Relationships, Networks
Cultural	Practices, Values, and Identities Based in Society (art, beliefs)
Political	Influence, Power, and Goodwill that is Held, Spent, or Shared
Physical	Built Environment, Infrastructure
Natural	Resources Provided by Nature



## **E**C

### **COMPREHENSIVE COMMUNITY WEALTH APPROACH**



Photo: Brian Blackford

#### **Example: Historic tax credits**

Capital Impacted	Short-term	Long-Term	
Financial	Less revenue for general use	Greater revenue from increased investment	
Social	More activity, interaction in renovated area	Gentrification=Displacement in renovated area	
Physical		Saved structures	
Cultural		Saved history	

The power of this exercise isn't necessarily to dictate what should or should not be done, it's to better understand impacts and opportunities and properly mitigate or maximize them to ensure greater, more sustainable success



#### The CCWA is a tool for:

- Asset mapping
- Project prioritization/impact considerations
- > Resource allocation





Financial	Money & other liquid assets that can be readily converted to money
	Local Examples:
Intellectual	Human knowledge, innovation, & ideas
	Local Examples:
Human	Productive capabilities of a population (education, health)
	Local Examples:
Social	Trust, relationships, and networks
	Local Examples:
Cultural	Practices, values, and identity based in society (art, beliefs)
	Local Examples:
Political	Influence, power, & goodwill that is held, spent, or shared
	Local Examples:
Physical	Built capital and physical infrastructure
	Local Examples:
Natural	Resources provided by nature (clean air/water, landscapes, flora, & fauna)
	Local Examples:

**Example of how we use it in communities:** Asset Mapping



Capital	Positive I	Impact(s)	Negative Impact(s)	
	Short-Term	Long-Term	Short-Term	Long-Term
Financial				
Intellectual				
Human				
Social				
Cultural				
Political				
Natural				
Physical				

**Example of how we use it in communities:** Impact Considerations





## FINAL THOUGHTS + QUESTIONS

Comprehensive Community Wealth Approach

## FINAL THOUGHTS

#### It's hard

- Relies on a new paradigm
- Won't provide all the answers
- Requires honest, thoughtful discussion

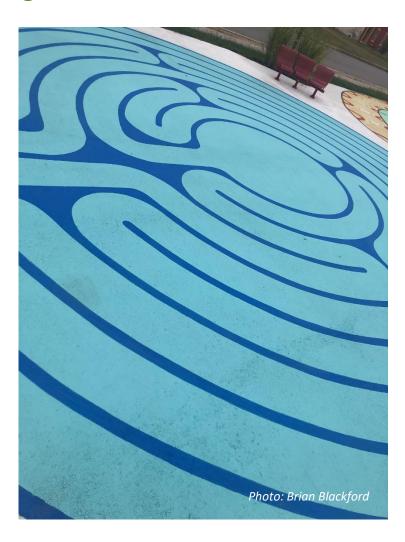
#### It's worth it

- Supports community-first development
- Ensures transparency
- Helps prepare for obstacles and opportunities





# QUESTIONS



CONTACT INFO
Brian Blackford
bablackford@bsu.edu
Indiana Communities Institute
Ball State University



# **THANK YOU**





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